THE DISPATCH POUNDED 1850. THE TIMES FOUNDED 1886.

WHOLE NUMBER, 19,592.

RICHMOND, VA., SUNDAY, JANUARY 11, 1914.

THE WEATHER TO-DAY-Fale.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BANK APOSTLES END CAMPAIGN IN NORTH CAROLINA

Nine Cities Join Hands that two Russian immigrants, who arrived on the Kursk last week and who for Reserve Centre Here.

SOUTH CAROLINA NOW TO BE VISITED

Local Delegation, Encouraged by Last Week's Successes, Expects No Difficulty on Remainder of Itinerary-Concord and Charlotte Latest Recruits to Cause.

BY LOUIS L JAFFE. Charlotte, N. C., January 10.—Con-cord and Charlotte joined hands to-day with the seven other North Caro-

lina cities that the reserve bank dele-gation has visited this week, and gave their indorsement to the appointment of Richmond as the location for one

of the regional reserve banks.

In both cities the Richmonders met with a hearty reception. Concord had provided an elaborate entertainment program, and speeded the delegation to Charlotte with a resolution declaring it to be the opinion of its bankers the logical point for the location of a reserve bank to serve this section of North Carolina.

At Charlotte the delegation was met at the station by a committee from the Charlotte Clearing-House Association Charlotte Clearing-House Association which had in advance provided quarters for it at the Southern Manufacturers' Club. The members of the clearing-house, together with prominent local manufacturers and business men, numbering more than two score, gave the visitors a hearing to-night in he club's assembly room

Has Spoken for Itself.

President A. G. Brenizer, of the Clear-ing-House Association, presided, George J. Seay and Thomas B. McAdams ably presented Richmond's cause, dwelling upon the importance of bringing about a union of the financial interests of Virginia and the two Carolinas to the that these States might secure the naming of a reserve city familiar with their needs and so located as to be able to serve them without disturbing their present business and banking affilia-

It was pointed out by President Brenizer that the Clearing-House As-sociation has already applied to the national organization committee for a hearing for the city of Charlotte herself as a candidate for the location of a reserve bank. It could be hardly expected, he said, that under these cirmstances the body would care at this

time to reverse its action.

The situation was met by President I. M. Victor, or the National Bank, who offered a resolution declaring

In offering his motion, Mr. Victor who is also secretary of the Clearingmond delegation, the restriction was negligible, since the possibility of Charlotte being named is considered

The action of the Charlotte-Clearing-House Association rounded out with a fitting climax the first week of the tour of the Carolinas in the interest of a regional reserve bank for Rich It made ananimous the verdict of the nine North Carolina towns visit-Old North State wants the bank at Richmond, and at no other

Good News Flows In.

tee all day. Upon its return to Greensboro from Winston-Salem early in the morning, it learned that notwithstanding the spirit of hostillty displayed by meeting yesterday afternoon, the newly elected board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce had by unanimous vote adopted a resolution asking the appointment of Richmond as the logical reserve bank location, and calling upon the State's representation in Congress to further that end.

True to yesterday's promise, the directors of the Winston-Salem Board of Trade held a meeting this afternoon York, in such a way as to amount vir-The new resolution declares it to be the conviction of the Winston-Salem Board of Trade that North and South Carolina and Virginia are so closely related in their business affiliations that they should not be severed and in different reserve districts. Moreover, the resolution declares, it is the sense of the body that a regional reserve bank located in a city to the north of the three States named would serve their banking and com-

mercial needs. Taken in conjunction with expres sions from individual members of the to the effect that Richmond is Winston-Salem's first choice, amended resolution is regarded as being hardly less than a direct indorsement of Richmond as opposed to any other competing city.

Dabney Highly Elated. Business Manager Dabney, of the Chamber of Commerce, who has been official pilot of the campaign commit tee, was highly elated to-night at the success which has crowned the delegation's first week's effort. The recouraging also by George J. Seay, who has shouldered the burden of the speechmaking, and by Horace F. Smith, who has been the delegation's business or

and publicity man.
"I don't think we will have any trouble enlisting South Carolina in our cause," said Thomas B. McAdams, to-, (Continued On Fifth Page.)

THROWS WRIT ON DECK

Court Order With Contempt.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
New York, January 10.—When immigration Inspector Tedesco served a writ of habeas corpus on the first officer of the Russian-American liner Kursk to-day the chief officer threw it on the deck, stating that he would obey the orders of the Russian consul-general before he would accept a writ signed by a judge of the United States Federal Court.

are accused of murder by the Russian authorities, be taken to Ellis Island. The immigration inspector at once communicated with the Russian consulate, and was informed that the cap tain of the steamer had been instruct ed to detain the passengers and take them back to Russia.

As there is no extradition treaty be-tween this country and Russia at the present time, and the passengers had landed, the Russian government could not have demanded their extradition. Assistant United States District Attorney Content will make a report to the State Department of the refusal of the first officer to obey the writ of habeas corpus. The Kursk, however, sailed corpus. The Kursk, however, sailed for Libau, her home port, soon after the inspector left the ship.

FORBIDS DANCING OF TANGO

Amette Says It Is Sin Which

Requires Penance.
January 10.—Cardinal Leon Adolphe Amette, Archbishop of Paris, in an admonition which will be pub-lished in the churches here on Sunday, forbids the dancing of the tango as a sin which must be confessed and requires penance. The archbishop says:

"We condemn the dance imported from abroad known under the name of the tango, which, by its nature, is indecent and offensive to morals, and Christians may not in conscience and Christians may not in conscience of the housing topic is the fact that and business men that Richmond was and Christians may not in conscience

"It will, therefore, be the duty of

an official admonition on the daring and eccentricities of modern dress. "We remind the women," the card-We remind the women. the card-inal will say, "that they should ob-serve always the rules of Christian modesty, which too often are violated. We ask Christian women to unite in abolishing certain styles of dress which are contrary to decency."

TOUR ACROSS COUNTRY

past two years in his London-wide

evangelist campaign.

During a previous visit to this country Mr. Lane took an active part in the Men and Religion Forward Move-

COXEY TALKS HARD TIMES

another such ma

"General" Coxey gave out a lengthy House Association, said that if that body had not already asked for a hearing from the national organization committee, it would have voted in favor of Richmond without restriction.

General Coxey gave out a lengthy powerful organization in Memphis and Denver. Another writer proposes that the monthly meetings be given additional interest by the bringing of prominent personages as speakers.

Favor of Richmond without restriction. of Richmond without restriction.
the point of view of the Richdelegation, the restriction was delegation, the possibility of "Well, I haven't decided, but something will be done very soon."

FAITH IN MOYER NOT SHAKEN

Investigation of Atlanta Penitentiary Being Made for McReynolds.

Being Made for McReynolds.

Washington, January 10.—Preliminary reports of an investigation of the Federal Penitentlary at Atlanta have begun to reach Attorney-General McReynolds, but the mysterious investigator employed for the work has not concluded his labors, and his final verdict on the conduct of the institution is not expected for several days. Mr. McReynolds has told callers that he is anxious to make a thorough investi-McReynolds has told callers that he is anxious to make a thorough investigation of every specific charge made of membership. An indication that its membership. An indication that its action was not entirely popular was the conduct of every Federal prison. nothing to shake his faith in Warden the statement that "the chamber should Moyer, of the Atlanta prison.

RESULTS IN ELEVEN DEATHS

Two Crimes Committed in Soldan,

Province of East Prussia.

Berlin, January 10.—Two crimes, involving the death of eleven persons, were committed yesterday in Soldau.

Province of East Prussia and Hamburg. to take action on the reserve bank question. The body voted to amend his wife and their five children—were its original resolution, indorsing New found in their home with their throats cut and the gas turned on. A dog with its head almost severed was lying in the basement. Poverty is supposed to have driven the parents to kill the children and then committed suicide.
At Hamburg a city policeman killed his three daughters and then himself

after a family quarrel. BEACHEY HAS NARROW ESCAPE

Deliberately Wrecks Biplane to Save Lives of Two Persons.
Oakland, Cal., January 10.—To avoid

what appeared certain sacrifice of two lives, Lincoln Beachey late to-day de-liberately wrecked his biplane and fell twenty-five feet, sustaining slight injuries.

Beachey was descending, and directly below was an automobile driven by Barney Oldfield, carrying a passenger The aviator swerved his machine, which collapsed and turned almost completely over, burying Beachey beneath it. His only injuries are bruises.

THAW DECISION ON MONDAY

Commission Which Inquired Into Mental Condition Files Report.
Concord, N. H., January 10.—A decision as to whether Harry K. Thaw would be a menace to the community if released or, buil will be made public on Monday by the commission appointed by Federal Judge Aldrich to examine into Thaw's mental condition. General Frank Streeter, chairman of the commission, which to-day held a secret meeting in Boston, to-night gave the report to Burns P. Hodgman, clerk of the Federal court.

HOUSING PROBLEM URGED AS CITY'S GREATEST NEED

Members Tell Chamber Legislature Not Likely Preliminary Agreement Homes Must Be Built for Working Folk.

WANT FAIR DEAL FOR RAILROADS

Many Firms Favor Increased Edwin P. Cox Claims That He Freight Rates, and Others Believe in Hands-Off Policy in Locating Union Station. Get Variety of

"It will, therefore, be the duty of confessors to take notice of this in the administration of the sacrament of penance."

Cardinal Amette also will publish an efficial admonition on the daring and eccentricities of modern dress. ten suggesting that the chamber enlist in the better housing campaign are: The American Can Company, the Rich-mond Bank and Trust Company, the Randolph Paper Box Company, Pollard & Bagby, the Southern Stove Works, the Globe Clothing Company, the Gordon Market Company, the don Metal Company, L. Neale & Co., Abrams Paint and Glass Company and Henry S. Wallerstein.

Gratifying to Chamber.

The success of the poll and the in-terest being shown by the individual Whiriwind Coast-to-Coast Campaign
Planned for English Evangelist.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
New York, January 10.—A whirlwind
coast-to-coast campaign now is being
mapped out for W. R. Lane, the London
evangelist, by the Y. M. C. A. religious
work department. Mr. Lane is expected to arrive here the latter part of
February and will remain in this country during March and April. In his
tour across the country he will use
the same methods he has employed for
the past two years in his London-wide

The success of the poll and the interest being shown by the individual
members are gratifying to the officers
of the chamber. In the past the policies of the organization have been
directors and the administrative officers. This is the first time that the
big membership has been polled to find
out the wishes of the majority in regard to reforms to be pressed by the
chamber. The 1,300 members include
members are gratifying to the officers
of the chamber. In the past the policies of the organization have been
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the chamber. In the past two in all lines of business. Its written opinion can be fairly well regarded as the voice of the body of the city, and will be regarded by the officers and directorate as binding in any but unforeseen circumstances.

Not only is the poll furnishing valuwish in the way of municipal reform, Trying to Decide Whether He Shall but it is giving hints to the officers of the chamber itself upon methods of who offered a resolution does of the Pichmond to be the next choice of the Promandary of the Clearing-House Association, in the Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

New York, January 10.—"General" the suggestions is one that the chamber should hold regular monthly meetings of the full membership, now that it has moved into its new home and another such march is to come off in 1894, is trying to decide whether or not another such march is to come off in its a city club on the lines of similar ize a city club on the lines of similar powerful organizations in Memphis and

Division on Union Station.

That there is a division of senti-ment within the chamber itself on the subject of the proposed union passenger station is indicated in the replies. Firms doing business in the downtown section urge the erection of a station at Fifteenth and Main Streets, while those with interests in the West End say the Hermitage Golf Club is proper site for either a union station or the proposed station of the Rich-mond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad and the Atlantic Coast Line

There was a division within the board of directors on the same subject when it formally indersed the Fifteenth Street site. Its action caused some not be controlled by a few in its ac-

the officers and directors upon their agcampaign in 1913 for mond's interests. "Keep up the good work you have been doing" was all the advice many of the correspondents had

Wish Freight Rates Raised. Several large manufacturing conchamber's support for the proposed 5 per cent increase in railway rates as a fine opportunity for the or ganization to help Richmond in 1914. Thomas S. Wheelwright, president of the Virginia Railway and Power Com-

"Ask the Interstate Commerce Commission to give the 5 per cent increase in freight rates to steam railroads. In order that they may do the necessary financing to enable them to secure equipment to render a reasonably adequate service to the public, which they seem utterly unable to do at present The local result of this, it is hoped, will be the full operation of the Ameri-

can Locomotive Works and other kindred enterprises." The sentiment expressed in this card vas indersed by N. W. Bowe & Sons, John L. Williams & Sons, J. W. Ferrusson & Sons and several others. The Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad, a member of the chamber, offered no suggestion other han that the policy of the organizaion is such a momentous affair that it should be established only with the

tmost care and study. Railroad rates and service occupy the thoughts of scores of writers. Many urged improvement in freight and passenger service, encouragement (Continued On Tenth Page.)

FOUR NIGHTS TO CALIFORNIA
Via Washington-Sunset Route. Sunset I
ited daily; no extra fare. New trait
hours quicker tourist car service, 907 I
Main Street.—Adv.

EXTRA SESSION IN **NOVEMBER TO ACT** ON TAX MATTERS

to Clear Big Docket in Sixty Days.

HOUSE CAUCUS TUESDAY NIGHT

Will Be Named as Speaker. Lower Branch Expected to Dispose of Enabling Act Without Debate or Delay.

The poil of its 1,300 members being conducted by the Chamber of Commerce to determine the policy of the organization in 1914 is furnishing many of the busiest and most active sessingly and still most reliable and still mos organization in 1914 is furnishing many surprises and still more valuable suggestions. For example, it is found that immediate improvement in the housing conditions in Richmond is cited as the city's greatest need by the majority of the the 600 members who have replied. While most of the members replied. While most of the members suggest several possible reforms, the vember for the exclusive purpose of considering and revising the State's entire system of taxation. An effective primary law, the regulation of the fee system, the election of a judge of the Supreme Court, and consideration of the affairs of the various State institutions are the matters of chief

message from Governor Mann will be laid before the two houses on Wednesday, in which he will make his own recommendations in regard to tax reform. The subject was prominently before the last session, without effective action. It has since been studled from every angle, and has been made the basis of exhaustive calculamade the basis of exhaustive calculations by State Auditor C. Lee Moore and others. All authorities are agreed that there should be sweeping changes in the method of taxation, which now works great hardship on some communities but not all are agreed as to

three exceptions as in the last session rejected the bill by a vote of 23 to 15.

There have been no announced changes representing the Department of controls. of opinion. Senator Cannon who succeeds Mr. Folkes, of Richmond, will, like Mr. Folkes, vote against the bill. Senator Buchanan, who takes the sea of the late Senator Cummings, will, like Mr. Cummings, vote for the bill. The local option leaders are claiming Senator W. T. Paxton, of Buena Vista, who succeeds Judge John Randolph Tu Judge Tucker voted for the bill. Some Reserve Decision. Tucker.

It is impossible to take an absolute poll on this subject, as several mem-bers are reserving decision. Dry leaders are making a strong effort the vote of Senator Echols, of Staun-ton. Mr. Echols was elected as a local optionist. Recently his district has sent two State-wide men to the House, and it is claimed that their election should be taken as instructions to their

Senator. The same line of reasoning is followed with reverse results in the case of Senator Featherston, of Lynchburg. who was elected on a Statewide platform, but whose district has recently cent two local option men to the House.

The much-amended primary bill passed by the last session has found no friends, and was disowned by its patron because of weakening amend-The State Democratic Committee and every political authority in the State have requested that the law be the State have requested that the law be predict how long a time such a reor-strengthened and made more workable ganization will require, it generally and explicit, and that more definite was believed that final readjustment provisions be made for expenses and cannot be reached for many months to prevent fraud.

Election of Supreme Court Judge. The election of a judge of the Supreme Court of Appeals is in respects the most important matter to night. be acted upon at this session. The term of Judge John A. Buchanan, of Washington County, expires February 1, 1915 and he has announced that he will not offer for re-election. Six or more lawyers and judges have been indorsed for the position by local bar associations, but so far there has been no crystallizing of opinion, and comparatively few of the members are said to be pledged to any candidate. The position is not in any sense a political one, but both the progressive and stand-pat wings of the party have their own ideas of the kind of man who should be elected, even if they have no definite candidate as yet. Seventeen judges come up for re-election at this seasion. As the terms of judges begin from the first day of February following their election, these must be divided into two classes, those whose terms expire this year, and those whose terms expire the year. The new Sutering the reference is not to

ANOTHER VICTORY FOR GOVERNMENT IN NEW HAVEN CASE

to Effect Reorganization Announced.

PREVENTS SUIT FOR DISSOLUTION

Department of Justice Virtually Gains Every Point Demanded. Holdings in Other Railroads, Trolley Lines and in Some Steamship Lines to Be Disposed Of.

mands, the New Haven will dispose of tion. its holdings in the Boston and Maine Railroad, cancel its joint agreement controlling the Boston and Albany, give up its trolley lines and several of its

steamship lines. steamship lines.

The question of its retention of the so-called Sound Lines of steamships will be left to the Interstate Commerce

Commission. Under the Panama Canal act, the road is required to give up all steamship holdings by July 1, unless the commission finds their continued operation by the railroad is to the commercial ad-vantage of the public and not in restraint of competition.

It was to-night conceded that the Department of Justles virtually gained every point demanded. Announcement of the agreement was made in the fol-

"An agreement has been reached bethe plan to be followed. The chief lines of difference are between the advocates of a central board of equalization, as proposed by the State Tay tion, as proposed by the State Tax of the Boston and Albany agreement, Commission, and as supported in the which becomes effective February 1, last session by Speaker Byrd, and the will dispose of its holdings in the Boston and Albany agreement, which becomes effective February 1, last session by Speaker Byrd, and the will dispose of its holdings in the Boston and Albany agreement, which becomes effective February 1, last session by Speaker Byrd, and the plan for segregation of taxes as proposed by Auditor Moore, and as ably championed in the last session by Hugh A. White, of Rockbridge.

Will dispose of its nothings in trolley ton and Maine Railroad, the trolley systems, the Merchants' and Miners' Transportation Company, the Eastern Steamship Corporation, and the Maine Maine Maine Company. systems, the Merchants' and Miners' Transportation Company, the Eastern

other issues.

to the Attorney-General T. W. Gregory,
Assistant Attorney-General Jesse C. M. Swacker, representing the Department of Jus tice, and Howard Elliott, Arthur T. Hadley and L. S. Storrs, representing the New Haven Company

No Bearing on Criminal Suits. The announcement of the agreement does not have any bearing on the much who talked of criminal suits against former directors and officials Haven Road. There has been no de-

night were of the opinion that the New only 16.7 per cent within the same Haven agreement was as big a victory period. for the principle of peaceful settle ment of antitrust cases as that registered in the cases of the American \$200 to the yearly pay of each man. Telephone and Telegraph Company. They pointed out that the complexities of the New Haven situation were great-er than in the telephone case, and that a suit to separate the New Haven from its great holdings might have result-ed in disaster to the road itself, and in

ry out the terms of the agreement, as-surances are given that the Depart-ment of Justice will not press them

and, on some points, probably not for vears. No official statement was forthcom-

ing from the Attorney-General Mr. Elliott had nothing to add to-

night to his formal statement. He expected to return to New York to-mor row. The working out of details of the reorganization immediately will be be-

WITHDRAWAL OPPOSED

Japan Against Russian Proposal to Call Home Foreign Troops From China. Tokyo, January 10.—The Japanese government declared to-day that it was opposed to the withdrawal of all for-eign troops from China, as suggested by the Russian government on Decem-ber 12.

Preme Court judge therefore is not to be elected until after February 1.

Norfolk County Contest.

Of the circuit judges, the most interesting contest is that from Norfolk County. There has been a political upset in that county, and the delegates from Norfolk County. Norfolk city, Portsmouth, and Senator Montague, representing the county and Portsmouth, have joined in the declaration that they will not favor the re-electical (Continued On Tenth Page.)

Russia Virtually Alone.

Russia Virtually Alone.

Russia Virtually Alone.

Washington, January 10.—The decipates government to ince of Chi Li is in line with the allored from Norfolk County. Norfolk city, and leaves Russia virtually alone in favoring the withdrawal of Coreign troops. Even France declined to follow Russia's lead, agreeing with the wint of each pair of trousers, and leaves and leaves Russia virtually alone.

Washington, January 10.—The decipates in the Chinese provents the Line with the allored from the Alone.

Washington, January 10.—The decipates in the Chinese provents to be made in thirty-five pairs of trousers.

Mr. Taft has reduced his weight eighteen pounds, and his waist line has drawn in six inches, so that it now the county and provents the Chinese provents to be made in thirty-five pairs of trousers.

Mr. Taft has reduced his weight eighteen pounds, and his waist line of the Chinese provents the Chinese provents to be made in thirty-five pairs of trousers.

Mr. Taft to have his garments modeled on less generous lines.

Mr. Taft to have his garwan in six inches, so that it now the county for the United Sta

VILLA'S REBEL ARMY OCCUPIES OJINAGA

GRACE REPORTED DYING

an Who Accused Wife of Shooting Him in Critical Condition. Man Who Accused Wife of Shooting Him in Critical Condition.

Newnan, Ga., January 10.—Eugene H. Grace, who was mysteriously shot at his residence in Atlanta nearly two years ago, is reported to be dying at his mother's home here. In a bulletin to-day, the attending physician says: "Since 1 o'clock this morning Mr. Grace has had no radleal puise. He is gradually growing weaker"

Grace was shot in the back on March 5, 1912. Since that time he has been paralyzed from the waist down. Shortly after the shooting his wife. Mrs. Daisy Opie Grace, of Philadelphia, was arrested charged with the crime. Her arrest was the result of accusations made by her husband. On April 16 she was indicted by the Fulton County grand jury.

Mrs. Grace was placed on trial on July 29, 1912. After sensational testimony, including a lengthy statement by the defendant, Mrs. Grace was acquitted on August 3 of the same year. Grace has persistently maintained that his injury was inflicted by his wife.

Refuses to Comment.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Philadelphia, January 10.—Mrs. Daisy
Ulrich Opie Grace, whose meteoric career reached its height eighteen months
ago, when she was accused by Eugene
Grace, her husband, of shooting him,
refused to comment to-day upon the
report that Grace, who has been paralyzed since he was wounded in their
home in Atlanta, is dying at Newnan,
Ga.

Ga.

"Yes, I have heard that he is very ill," she said. "Word came to me from Newnan of his condition."

She refused to say whether the message had come from her husband. Asked whether she felt grief over his expected death, she replied:

"I do not care to answer that question."

TWELVE KILLED IN MINE

Explosion is Local, so That About 200
Men Make Their Escape.

Abernant, Ala., January 10.—Before 10 o'clock to-night bodies of the twelve men who lost their lives by the mine explosion here this morning had been removed. There were five white men and seven negroes. The white dead are:

and seven negroes. The white dead are:

W. W. Quarles, foreman.
Frank Tillery, blast man.
Joe Bostwick.
Phil Mainer.
John Hoodley.
The explosion was in the Rock Castle mine of the Davis Creek Coal Company, but was local in its nature, so that about 20 men in the mine made their escape. The twelve men killed probably succumbed to gas, and though rescue men and apparatus were hurrled from Birmingham, they could be of no service except to aid in bringing the men out. The mine was little damaged by the explosion, which is thought to have been caused by gas, which in turn ignited the dust.

CHICAGO SEES SUNSHINE

Gets Sixteen Minutes of It for First Time' in Three Weeks.

Chicago January 10 .- For the first High A. White, of Rockbridge.

Many who will not vote for any plan of segregation yet submitted agree that segregation is the ultimate goal.

The Enabling Act.

As to the enabling act both sides express confidence. The Anti-Saloon League is to hold a meeting in Richmond during the session of the General Assembly, and its leaders express the belief that sufficient pressure will be brought to bear to secure the adoption of the measure. The bill will pass the House by a somewhat reduced majority. That is conceeded by House leaders urge that the decks may be for at once, that the decks may be continued as at the dates of the continued as at the content of the content of the content of the continued as at the content of the chicago weather bureau. Characteristics of the Chicago weather bureau. Characteristics of the Chicago weather bureau. Characteristics of the Chicago weather bureau. Chicago weather bureau. The characteristics of the chicago weather bureau. Chicago weather bureau theavy fogs and low-hanging clouds have darkness has the ch Chicago January 10.—For the first time in nearly three weeks and for one of the first times since November 1.

Citatan med-wisel sunshine for just sixteer tinutes, according to the records of the Chicago weather bureau. Heavy fogs and low-nanging clouds have darkened the city for more than two-thirds of the daylight hours during the last two and a half months.

Since December 22 the darkness has been continuous, with the exception of

Policemen and Firemen of Boston Benefit by Mayor's Plan. Boston, January 10 .- Mayor Fitzger-

ald has announced an advance in wages for firemen and policemen, affecting 2,600 men. It was the second increase granted by the mayor within two years and was due, he said, to the greatest cost of living and to the fact that although wages of carpenters, bricklayers and painters have been almost doubled within twenty-five years, the policemen and firemen, notwithcision upon this point.

Department of Justice officials to-

The new scale, which become effec-tive January 16, will add from \$100 to

C. J. HEBERT ACQUITTED

Charged With Conspiracy and Obtaining \$98,000 Under False Pretenses. its great holdings might have resulted in disaster to the road itself, and in reflex action upon business that would have been widely feit.

As long as Chairman Elliott and his associates show their intention to carry out the terms of the agreement, assurances are given that the Department of Justice will not press them for haste.

Although no one in authority would predict how long a time such a representation.

money.

The jury, after remaining out since 6.20 o'clock Friday night, returned a verdict of not guilty this morning about 10:30 o'clock. Two days were consumed in trying the case.

HELD IN \$10,000 BAIL

Head of Defunct Firm Arrested Charge of Embezziement.

Charge of Embezzlement.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Philadelphia, January 10.—William
L. Bear, head of the defunct stock and
grain brokerage firm of William L.
Bear & Co., arrested on a charge of
alleged larceny of \$2,100 and the embezzlement of \$8,000, was held to-day
in \$10,000 by Magistrate Macfarland.
The arrest of Bear was made on a
warrant sworn out by C. E. Berger, exdistrict attorney of Pottsville, Pa. The
Bear firm failed recently and receivers were appointed under bond of \$100,000, which later was reduced. The
firm had offices in several towns in
Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania Detectives allege that the failure in-volves \$777,000.

TAFT IS LOSING WEIGHT

Compelled to Have Clothes Modeled on Less Generous Lines [Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
New Haven, January 10.—Losing
weight has compelled former President Taft to have his garments modeled
on less generous lines. Yesterday he

FEDERAL DEFFAT FOLLOWS ONLY FEW HOURS OF FIGHTING

Officers and Soldiers Scramble to Reach American Side.

OTHERS RUN IN ALL DIRECTIONS

Orozco, Threatened With Summary Execution, Believed to Have Escaped Into Mountains of Texas-Victory Is Most Important of Present Revolution.

Presidio, Tex., January 10 .- The Mexcan Federal army, with its nine generals, evacuated Ofinaga, Mexico, at 10 o'clock to-night. The triumphant rebel forces, under General Francisco Villa, immediately occupied the village.

The rebels still were bombarding the Federal garrison at 9 o'clock to-night, at which hour several shells had fallen on United States territory.

The entire border patrol was ordered out because numerous Federal deserters had already crossed and more were expected.

expected, General Mercado, of the Federal gar-General Mercado, of the Federal garrison, sent a note to General McNamee, of the Fifteenth United States Cavalry, asking if the Federals might send across the border some guns for which they had no ammunition.

Major McNamee replied that any guns sent across would be seized and held in this country, and that the men bringing them would be disarmed and forced back to the Mexican side.

Later General Mercado sent over seven wagon loads of government documents under the escort of a wounded lieutenant, who also brought his personal effects.

The wagons were pulled out of the river and taken into the United States army camp.
General Salvador Mercado, who was

Huerta's chief military commander, crossed the river and surrendered to Major McNamee, of the United States

Federal regulars, saw that the assault was to be nothing less than a massa-cre. The Federals had left only fifty stro and Mercado of the rounds of ammunition for each man. Generals Castro and Mercado there-

fore gave the order to evacuate.
All the Federal soldiers and their officers who could scramble to American side did so. The others ran in all directions. General Pascual Orozco, commander of Federal volunteers, threatened with summary execution by Villa, was the first to It was believed he had escaped into the mountains in Texas.

About 9 o'clock, when the fighting had been in progress about five hours, seven wagons loaded with documents belonging to the Huerta government came over and were captured by the United States border patrol.

United States border patrol.

Cavalrymen Ordered Out.

Major McNamee immediately ordered out all cavalrymen to meet an emergency. Women, children and wounded soldiers had been crossing in numbers, the repetrol of the capetre. but the apparent advance of the rebels gave reason to believe a greater rush across the border was imminent For five hours the sharp flashes of the rebel fire had been seen drawing closer to the Federal entrenchments. The whole scene was bathed in moon-

light, partly obscured by dust and powder smoke.

Among the Federals were nine generals—Castro, Mercado, Orozco, Manuel Landa, Ynez Salazar, Antonio Rojas, Blas Orpina, Lozaro Alavis and Roque

Gomez. Defeat of the Federal army at this point marks the most important rebel victory of the present revolution. It leaves the rebels virtually in possession of all the north of Mexico.

Mercado, Castro and Landa were the only remaining commanders of the regulars. The other generals commanded volunteers and threatened by Villa with death should they be captured. Attack Begins Late in Day.

The attack of the Mexican rebel forces on Ojinaga was resumed late to-Led by General Francisco Villa, just before sundown, the rebel army advancing from the southeast and west drove back the Federal outposts. tured fifty men and opened a heavy, rifle fire on the Federal trenches,

backed by shrapnel from the rebel field General Villa had with him 1,000 men, while Generals Herrera and Hernandez led 1,200 from the west, from a base at the village of San Juan. The main body of rebels, comprising about

main body or rebels, comprising about 4.800 men, advanced along the river road from the east.

Steadily creeping toward the Federal fortifications high on the plateau, where Ojinaga stands, the rebels occupied position within four miles of the village hafors they may resistance.

village before they met resistance.
The Federal outposts opened fire, their rifle volleys being supported by the fire of a few machine guns. The rattling return fire of the rebels soon shenced the guns of the outpost. The scattered Federals were thrown inte acattered rederais were active at the disorder and attempted to retreat, but fifty were captured and seven others threw away their rifles and jumped

(Continued on Eighth Page.)